

THE REECEDER AT

Money Paid to Swindler on Forged Check.

POLICE EXPECT TO GET HIM

Fourteenth Street Savings Bank Loses \$1,250.

TWO OF BAND CAPTURED

Had Obtained \$150 From Union Trust Company on Stolen Checks.

Bank swindlers had an inning in Washington yesterday and today and by deceiving the tellers of two banks they obtained \$1,250. The larger operation of the two was at the expense of the Fourteenth Street Savings Bank, 14th and U streets northwest, where a forged check for \$1,250 was cashed. The smaller transaction was at the Union Trust Company, 15th and H streets, where three stolen travelers' checks for \$250 each were exchanged for an equal amount of real money.

As a result of this activity of the thieves' brigade, lookout messages were sent all over the country this afternoon by Maj. Sylvester, asking that Richard Miller, thirty-one years old, be arrested for forgery. Miller obtained the \$1,250 at the 14th street bank. For the "job" at the Union Trust Company the police arrested David Simon, alias Cohen, alias "Shoney Dave," alias Moses Simon, and Morris Robinson. This pair is also suspected of having stolen \$42 from the pocket of Joseph H. Landover, a member of the gang of which Miller was the leader.

Miller appeared at the 14th street bank at 11 o'clock this morning and passed a check across the counter, signed "A. M. Miller," for \$1,250. Cook, looked the paper over and found that it had been made payable to A. M. Miller. He then procured a check for \$1,250 and handed it to Miller. The check was made payable to the order of the Union Trust Company and was signed by the president of the bank.

The forgery detected. Almost on the instant that he stepped out of the door the men behind the counter discovered the forgery and they hurried into the street to find the man. The police were notified, and men on motorcycles were sent racing through nearby streets, but the man had made his escape. The bank employees submitted a photograph of Miller to the police and identified a photograph of Miller in the rogues' gallery as a likeness of the man who obtained the money. Detectives were dispatched to the Union station and to the terminals of all interurban trolley lines and to the steamboat wharves, and the additional precaution was taken to ask Baltimore officials to watch all incoming trains.

Why don't you require an identification when such sums are to be paid? Maj. Sylvester asked the president of the bank. "We usually do," was his response, "but this time I guess we didn't." "I can't promise to get the money," Maj. Sylvester said, "but I will promise to get the man."

"The money is what we want," said the president of the institution, "but we want the man." He explained that the bank had been doing business about ten years, and that the first loss it had sustained was the loss of \$1,250. Descriptions of Miller, alias Marx, were sent broadcast. He was a middle-aged man, with a fair complexion, chestnut hair and a small, light mustache and goatee. He is slight, thin, and has a prominent gold filling in his teeth.

Stolen Checks Presented. The fraud at the Union Trust Company was perpetrated yesterday afternoon, when a stranger appeared with three fifty-dollar travelers' checks, made payable to a Chicago man named Griswold, and obtained the cash for them. As the man departed with the money he was followed by a detective. The detective discovered that Miller was the third member of the gang, but he could not be found. The detective was then directed to the 14th street savings bank and made his report.

Miller was known as the husband of Mrs. Marie, a clairvoyant at 102 14th street northwest. He was a married man, but he had been living with a woman named Mary, who was a prostitute. He was a member of the gang, but he was not the leader. He was a member of the gang, but he was not the leader. He was a member of the gang, but he was not the leader.

Robinson and Simon were lodged last night in the first precinct police station and were taken to police headquarters this morning and photographed and measured and fingerprinted.

Simon gave his age as thirty-two years, his occupation as a salesman and his address as 3225 State street, Chicago, while the other registered as Morris Robinson, thirty years old, 2222 Indiana avenue, Chicago, giving his occupation as clerk.

According to the records in the criminal identification bureau, the man known as Simon worked under the aliases of Sam Hayes and Moses Cohen. In addition to the aliases already given, and it was shown that he had been in the custody of the police at various times. He was a member of the gang, but he was not the leader. He was a member of the gang, but he was not the leader. He was a member of the gang, but he was not the leader.

Gas Explosion in Church. CADIZ, Ky., June 18.—Two ministers and twelve persons in the congregation were slightly injured when the gas lamp in the basement of the Christian Church exploded during a service last night. The doors of the church were blown off and the interior partly demolished.

THE SEWER SAVED

AT PERIL OF LIVES

Big Rain Menaces Repairs, and Workmen Stick to Job in Rising Waters.

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CHILDREN WHO HAD NO PLAYTHINGS.



"THE BOY WITH ONE BUILDING BLOCK." He's happy today because he has a big fire engine all his own.

BOY CAN PLAY NOW

Big Red Engine Has Made Him Full of Happiness.

OTHER TOYLESS CHILDREN

To Be Found in the Institutions Not So Well Known.

WAYS TO FIND THEM OUT

Phone Book Gives Names—Instructive Visiting Nurses Can Tell Some More.

Could the Boy-With-One-Building-Block have all the toys that kind-hearted people have taken out of well-stocked nurseries for his special benefit, he would be the head of the second-hand toy trust, and have the fun market cornered all to his own small self.

However, he was not picked out as a sample for his own sake alone. He was just a typical little orphan boy without any toys, and he was one of the many who are in the city—but he does, or rather, he did need just a few.

He has a load of them now. It wasn't long after The Star's story of this little man had been read when there was a great scurrying in toy boxes and there were enough toys to last all summer. Then they say to themselves that the boy-with-one-building block is a fake, pure and simple.

If they could have seen that boy smile over his new toys, they would have known that he was not a fake. He was a real boy, and he was a real boy who had been in the city for a long time. He was a real boy who had been in the city for a long time. He was a real boy who had been in the city for a long time.

His Picture Taken. But the fire engine, which was a boy's toy if ever one was made, went straight to the boy-with-one-building-block. He was a real boy, and he was a real boy who had been in the city for a long time. He was a real boy who had been in the city for a long time. He was a real boy who had been in the city for a long time.

When Mr. Pratt and the photographer went into the nursery the boy rushed out from his playmates and grabbed the fire engine in his arms. It was an eager grasp of the baby hand.

He smiled as if it was the happiest moment of his life. He wanted to play. In fact, this boy was a real boy, and he was a real boy who had been in the city for a long time. He was a real boy who had been in the city for a long time. He was a real boy who had been in the city for a long time.

There were little girls, too—nine of them. Not one of the older ones seemed excited when they saw the big box with the fire engine in it. One of them whispered excitedly to the others.

"Well, the boy-with-one-building-block was taken out on a back porch. The boy was sitting on the floor in order to get the engine out quickly."

Then the whole red, blazing, galloping toy of the thing burst forth upon the boy. He sat down on the floor of the porch, took the whole business in his arms, and he was a real boy who had been in the city for a long time.

He had never in his life seen anything approaching it in wonder.

Too Overjoyed to Smile. Many people think children hop up and down with glee, and shout and sing when they get a toy like that. Perhaps some of them do. This boy did not.

His face showed nothing but astonishment and wonder. He felt as if he had been taken to a new world. He was a real boy, and he was a real boy who had been in the city for a long time.

How to Locate Toyless Ones. How do you reach her? Never mind. She is going to get a doll this afternoon. But there are a score of ways of reaching the location of every orphan in the city. As has been said, some of them are rich and have friends who keep them supplied.

But look in the telephone book and find the names of homes that are not so well known. Call up the Instructive Visiting Nurses' Society and ask them if they don't know a family where a toy would be a godsend.

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COTTON MEN WED

Indicted, Charged With Conspiring to Restrain Trade.

BAIL PROMPTLY GIVEN

Alleged Combination to Corner Supply of Raw Product.

AGREEMENT WITH SPINNERS

Counsel for Patten Claims That Contract Does Not Prevent Sales to Any Legitimate Buyer.

NEW YORK, June 18.—On the charge of conspiring to restrain trade, the following eight men of large means were indicted yesterday under the Sherman anti-trust laws: James A. Patten of Chicago, Frank B. Hayne of New Orleans, William P. Brown of New Orleans, Eugene G. Scales of Texas, Robert M. Thompson of New York, Charles A. Killebrew of New York, Sydney J. Harman of New York, and Morris H. Rothchild of Woodville, Miss.

The indictment is 10,000 words long, but does not make clear the alleged offenses committed by Col. Thompson, Killebrew, Watten and Scales. The offense charged against them is buying a lot of cotton in conjunction with a great many cotton mills or spinners and agreeing not to sell it in New York, New Orleans or Liverpool before November 1, 1910.

The amount of cotton to be bought was 75,000 bales for the spinners and 75,000 bales for Hayne and Brown, the names of Patten and Scales not being mentioned in the agreement that the indictment reproduces.

Handing Down Indictments. The indicted men were notified that the indictments would be handed down at 4 p. m. Patten, Brown, Hayne, Scales and Killebrew were on time to the dock, but the grand jury did not file into the United States circuit court, presided over by Judge Hough, until 4:15. The grand jury then returned the indictments.

The proceedings in court lasted only a few minutes. The foreman of the jury, Judge Hough, said that the grand jury had not even read it and none of the accused men knew the details of the crime charged against them until later.

Bail Furnished. None of the accused men had to stand up and plead. Mr. Wollman entered a plea of not guilty for Patten and Killebrew. The grand jury then returned the indictments.

Attorney General Wickham, in justification of his course, prepared a typewritten statement which was soon after the indictments were announced. The Attorney General holds that the operations of the bull cotton pool bear on the high cost of living problem.

His statement ran in part as follows: "These men are accused of the result of an investigation based upon information that the persons indicted with others had formed a combination for the purpose of cornering the entire remaining supply of raw cotton in the world."

"Spinners agreed to join the conspiracy to corner the cotton market. They agreed to purchase the entire remaining supply of raw cotton in the world."

"The cotton speculators, led by Wollman, marched straight to the office of Commissioner of the National Bureau of Commerce and signed by the Fidelity and Deposit Company and the bonds of the others by the National Surety Company."

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On behalf of Patten, his counsel, Henry Wollman, said last night that the result of a hasty reading of this indictment shows that apparently the most important thing relied upon by the government is what is called the spinners' contract—that is, a contract between some of the spinners and certain spinners with reference to the purchase by the spinners of certain cotton, which they agreed not to deliver, against contracts on certain cotton exchanges.

"However, my client, Mr. Patten, was no party to any of these spinners' contracts."

Preachers in a Duel. LEXINGTON, Ky., June 18.—A special from Williamsburg, Ky., says that Rev. Robert Vanover and Rev. Isaac Perry, well known mountain preachers, who had been holding rival meetings, fought a duel with knives in the Rock Creek Baptist Church, Whitely county, yesterday.

Vanover's throat being cut from ear to ear. He died in a short time. The duel was a result of charges against Vanover which were being tried in the church when the fight occurred. Isaac Perry and his brother Blaine are in jail at Williamsburg.

HIS ACCUSER DISAPPEARS

CARTER FREE ON CHARGE OF STEALING \$1,000 BILL.

Investigation Indicates Truth of His Story of Lost Money—Mother Worried to Death.

The arrest of Hayward S. Carter a year ago on a charge of grand larceny, involving the theft of a one-thousand-dollar bill from Mrs. Catherine E. Powell, who dwelt at that time in the Chittenden apartment house, 1835 Calvert street, was followed today by dismissal of the charge in Police Court.

Carter was utilized from time to time by Mrs. Powell as a messenger to procure funds for her from the Lincoln National Bank. It was stated by attorneys for the prosecution, May 5, 1908, he was out there for \$1,000.

Lost Money, Says Carter. The money, a single bill, was given him in an envelope. On his way back to Mrs. Powell's apartment it disappeared. The accused youth declared he had lost it. Several times in the last eight or nine months the prosecuting attorneys have attempted to call the case for preliminary hearing in the Police Court on account of inability to locate the prosecuting witness they were unable to do so. It is declared that the money was given to Carter by Mrs. Powell, who was at the time in the city, and that the money was given to Carter by Mrs. Powell, who was at the time in the city, and that the money was given to Carter by Mrs. Powell, who was at the time in the city.

Detectors were detailed on the case. An investigation covering a period of about ten days indicated that Carter's story was true. The money was given to Carter by Mrs. Powell, who was at the time in the city, and that the money was given to Carter by Mrs. Powell, who was at the time in the city.

A charge of grand larceny, however, was preferred against him by Mrs. Powell. Carter was released on bail. Several times in the last eight or nine months the prosecuting attorneys have attempted to call the case for preliminary hearing in the Police Court on account of inability to locate the prosecuting witness they were unable to do so. It is declared that the money was given to Carter by Mrs. Powell, who was at the time in the city, and that the money was given to Carter by Mrs. Powell, who was at the time in the city.

Mother Worried to Death. A pathetic feature of the case was the death of Carter's mother shortly after the charges were filed against him. Her death is attributed directly to the anxiety caused by her son's arrest. The charge was dismissed today, on motion of Attorney Thomas Beckett, who appeared for Carter.

HEURICH TAKES TITLE TO REALTY ON AVENUE. Corner of 14th Street Recently Purchased by Syndicate for Site of Hotel.

A deed has been placed on record by which Edwin D. Platter transfers to Christian Heurich, the property at the northeast corner of Pennsylvania avenue and 14th street northwest.

This is the property purchased some months ago by a syndicate, of which Mr. Heurich was a member, with the avowed purpose of erecting a hotel building on the site. The property is owned by the Heurich family, and the deed is being placed on record by the syndicate to the title alone in Mr. Heurich.

Plans have been prepared by J. H. de Shour, architect, for two-story buildings, to be erected at 1405-07 H street northwest, to be used for automobile storage. The buildings are to be erected by the Heurich family, and the deed is being placed on record by the syndicate to the title alone in Mr. Heurich.

Many Thefts Reported. Aid of Police Sought in Recovering Property. Peter J. Every of 3 N street southeast has appealed to the police to make an effort to recover \$10 that disappeared from his house between Monday and yesterday morning.

Mrs. E. Bleo, 4727 Connecticut avenue, reported the loss of a small box, containing about a half dozen small articles, valued at \$20, and other property, which was taken from her house by a burglar. The box was taken from her house by a burglar, and the deed is being placed on record by the syndicate to the title alone in Mr. Heurich.

CHRISTENED BY MRS. HATTAN. Torpedo Boat Destroyer Warrington Launched Today. PHILADELPHIA, June 18.—The torpedo boat destroyer Warrington, built for the United States navy, was launched today in the presence of a large party of naval officers and guests of the shipbuilding company. The vessel was christened by Mrs. Richard Hattan of New York, great-granddaughter of Commodore Warrington.

The Warrington is the fourth of the five torpedo boat destroyers of her type which are being built by the Cramps, The Smith and the Lamson, sister vessels, are already in commission. The Warrington is 250 feet long, and the contract calls for a speed of thirty knots an hour.

He had sought unsuccessfully to obtain the discharge of the finance committee from consideration of the measure.

The Arkansas senator referred indirectly to Mr. Simmons as the "senator from South Carolina." Mr. Smith of South Carolina objected. Mr. Simmons, who was a member of the finance committee, was generally amused at the discussion. Senator Jeff Davis of Arkansas, who was a member of the finance committee, was generally amused at the discussion.

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FOR FIRE SERVICE FIGHT IS POSTPONED

Chevy Chase May Get Use of Kaufman-Langford Match Is Off for One Week.

District Water.

BILL REPORTED TO SENATE

Gallinger Presents Measure Amended So as to Limit Use of Water Supply.

A favorable report on the bill to allow the connection of the water mains of the District with those of the fire of Chevy Chase, Md., was made to the Senate today from the Senate District committee by Senator Gallinger.

An amendment of the committee, however, limits the use of the District's water, which is to be used for fire fighting purposes. The original bill allowed the Commissioners to furnish such town with water for use in extinguishing fires and in such other cases of emergency or necessity as the said Commissioners may deem proper.

Limits Use of Water. In lieu of that provision, the committee has recommended the insertion of a paragraph to the effect that the water supply of Chevy Chase, Md., shall be used for fire fighting purposes, and for no other purposes; provided, that each such connection shall be controlled at the District line by a sealed valve, so arranged as to be easily opened in case of fire, and provided further, that the authorities of said town of Chevy Chase, Md., shall pay to the collector of taxes of the District of Columbia, to be deposited to the credit of the water revenues of said District, an annual rental of \$100,000, to be paid in advance on or before the 1st day of July of each year; and the expenses of making such connection shall be borne by the town of Chevy Chase, Md., under such conditions, restrictions and regulations as may be imposed by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

Recommendation of Commissioners. The committee also recommended an amendment which will allow Congress to amend or repeal the act at any time in the future. The amendment to the bill was adopted by the committee at the suggestion of the District Commissioners. They recommended favorable action by Congress, providing the use of the Potomac water should be limited to the extinguishing of fires. To allow its use for other emergencies, it was argued by the District Commissioners, would be a waste of water for the District, and that supply is none too large.

Grand Rush to Use NEW RULE HOUSE. Many Members Move for the Discharge of Committees Having Charge of Bills. There was a grand rush today by members of the House to avail themselves of the provisions of the "reform" rule adopted by the House yesterday, providing a manner of discharging committees from the consideration of measures. More than a dozen motions were filed before the opening hour of Congress today to discharge committees and bring different legislative propositions directly before the House. Apparently many members believed quite a number of bills or resolutions were being "pigeon-holed" in committee.

Representative Mann of Illinois, one of the most prominent members of the House, filed a motion to discharge. He wanted the committee on post offices and post roads to report on the bill for the revision of the postal laws. Representative Bennett (rep.) of Ohio, also filed a motion to discharge. He wanted the committee on the judiciary to report on the bill for the revision of the judicial code.

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